Cook Inlet Natural Gas: The Way Forward

Study conducted by Petrotechnical Resources of Alaska

Sponsored by:

ENSTAR Natural Gas Chugach Electric Association Municipal Light & Power



Presented by Tom Walsh March 19, 2010 RDC Special Luncheon

Why Do Utilities Care About Cook Inlet Gas?

ENSTAR

- Cook Inlet gas provides 100% of supply
- 2009 consumption: 32.5 Bcf

Chugach

- Cook Inlet gas used for 90% of generation
- 2009 consumption: 26 Bcf

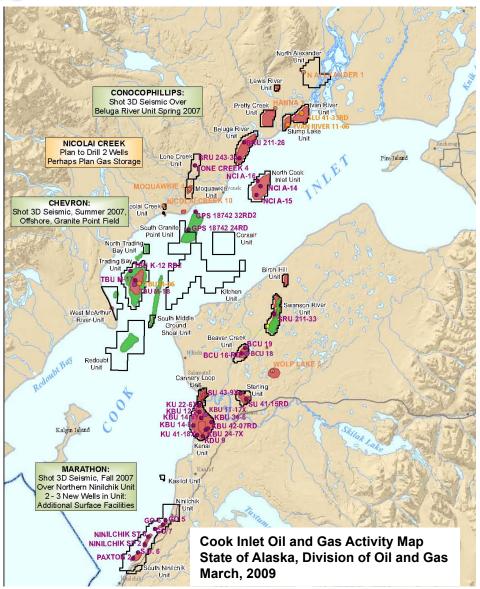
ML&P

- Cook Inlet gas used for 88% of generation
- 2009 consumption: 10.8 Bcf



Cook Inlet Fields

BRU 27% of 2010 production TBU 18% NCI 16% Kenai and Ninilchik ~10% each





Gas Under Contract/Ownership

ENSTAR

- 100% of needs met through 2010
- Approximately 25% unmet needs beginning 2011

Chugach

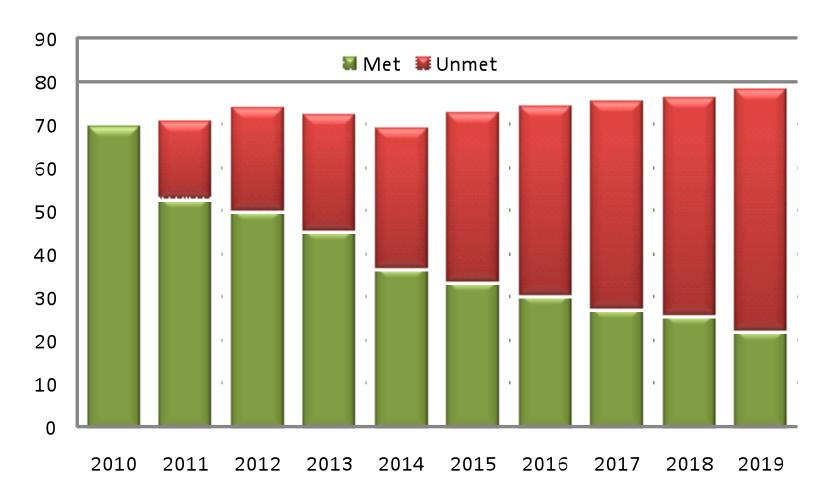
- 100% of needs met to spring 2011
- 50% met through 2014; 60% in 2015; 29% in 2016

ML&P

 Share of Beluga field estimated to meet majority of needs through 2015



Combined Utility Met and Unmet Gas Demand



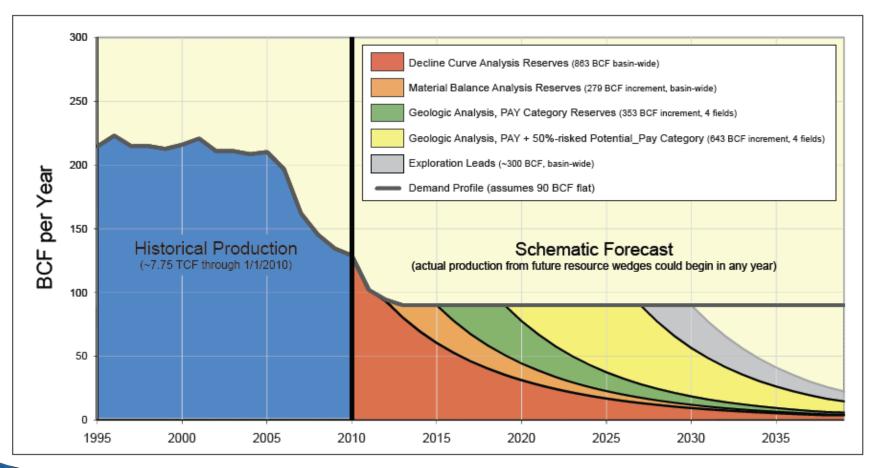


Supply Concepts

- Reserves
 - Proven
 - Probable
 - Possible
- Annual supply
- Deliverability (seasonal demand)
 - Storage
 - Needed by winter 2011-2012
 - Agreement in progress



Annual Supply



Source: AK DNR December 2009 Study



Cook Inlet Gas Study



The Study

- Commissioned by ENSTAR, Chugach and ML&P
- Performed by PRA
- Completed March 2010

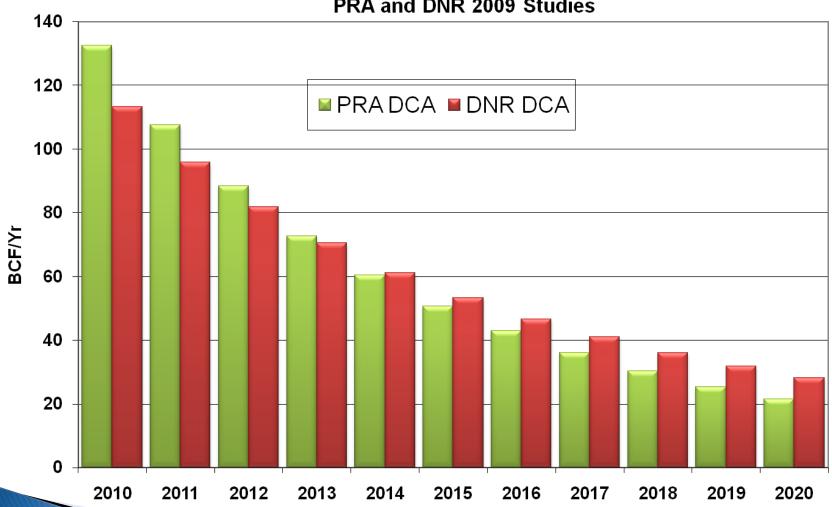


Study Objectives

- Review DNR reserves analysis
- Review the deliverability of Cook Inlet gas wells drilled from 2001-2009
- Forecast deliverability of existing and future gas wells
- Analyze timing required for delivery of non-Cook Inlet gas sources



Cook Inlet Gas Production Forecast from Decline Curve Analysis PRA and DNR 2009 Studies





Methodology

- Field-level decline curve analysis
- Individual well decline curve analysis
 - Initial Production
 - Production profile
- ▶ IP progression through time
- Calculate activity required to meet demand
- POD review
- Analysis of business drivers



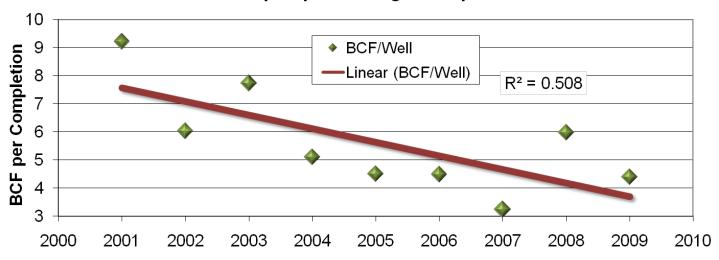
Cook Inlet Drilling Results

Period	Gas Wells Drilled	Gas Wells Completed	Initial Production (MMCF/day)
2001-2009	128	105	3.6 per well
2007-2009	34	34	3.1 per well



Cook Inlet Gas Development

Cook Inlet Gas Development 2001-2009 BCF Developed per Average Completed Well





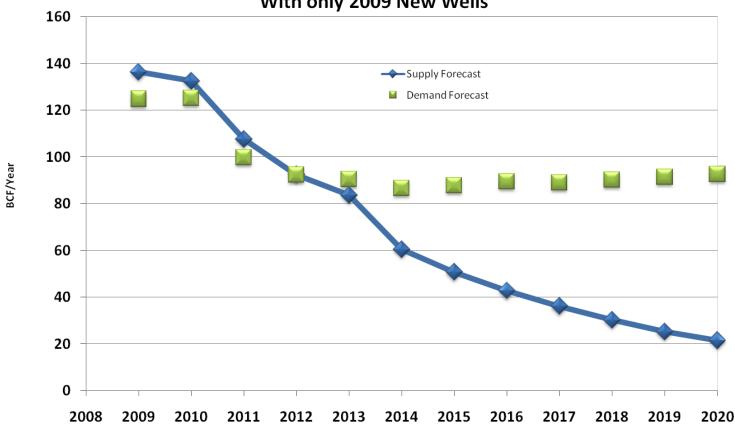
The Problem

- Both PRA and DNR conclude from decline curves we have annual supply problems by 2013 if no new wells are drilled
- PRA study concludes that significant development activity is required



Annual Supply

Cook Inlet Supply and Demand PRA Forecast December 2009 With only 2009 New Wells



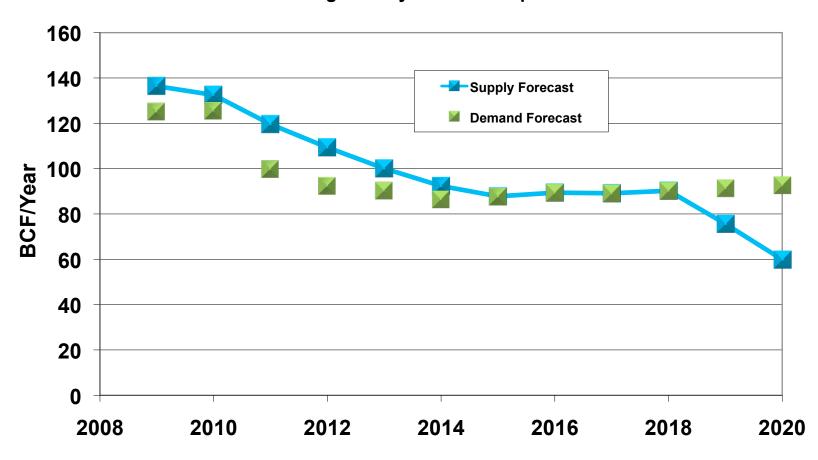


Scenarios

With development drilling continuing at the same pace as in 2007-2009, supply is sufficient to meet demand until 2018, assumes 136 new wells being drilled



Cook Inlet Supply and Demand PRA Forecast December 2009 Assumes 2007-09 Drilling Activity of 13.6 Completions/Yr 2010 to 2019





136 Wells Completed 2010 to 2019 (2007-09 Level of 13.6 Completions/Yr)



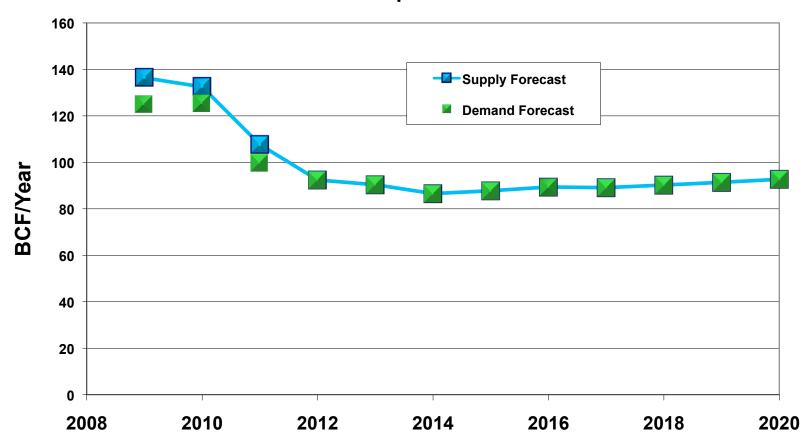


Scenarios

If current trends in drilling success rates continue, an estimated 185 new wells must be drilled to meet utility needs between now and 2020

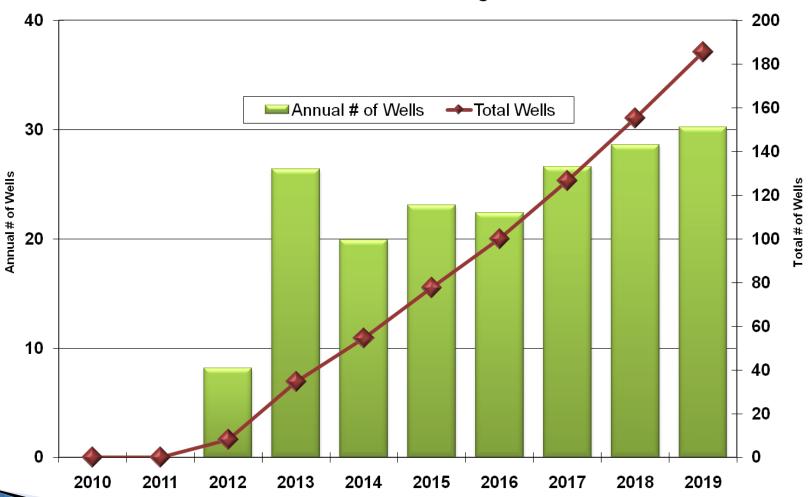


Cook Inlet Supply and Demand PRA Forecast December 2009 Includes 185 Wells Completed to Meet Demand to 2020





185 Wells Completed 2012 to 2019 Meet Demand Through 2020





The Cost

- ▶ The estimated cost of drilling & development in the past decade was \$1 – \$1.2 billion
- The estimated cost of drilling & development in the coming decade is \$1.9 - \$2.8 billion
- Higher production costs will lead to higher prices for energy



Caveats

- Near-term drilling <u>must</u> be successful or gas resources from outside the Cook Inlet could be required as early as 2013
- If near-term drilling does not keep pace with demand, the only viable option is LNG imports; that option requires immediate action
- LNG imports could be necessary for several years until an in-state gas line is available



Where Must We Go From Here?



Immediate Actions Needed

- New gas supply agreements between Cook Inlet Utilities and producers
- Predictable timelines and standards for RCA approval of agreements
- Utilities must secure storage
- Continue customer awareness, conservation and curtailment plans

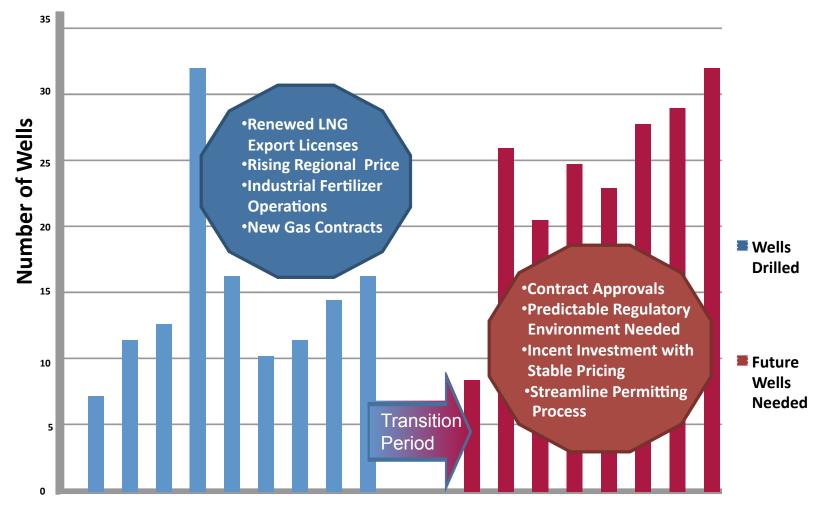


Immediate Actions Needed (cont.)

- Land management processes must be streamlined
- Determine how gas will come to the region to meet long-term needs of consumers
- Attract exploration & development companies



Wells Drilled, Wells Required & Influencing Factors



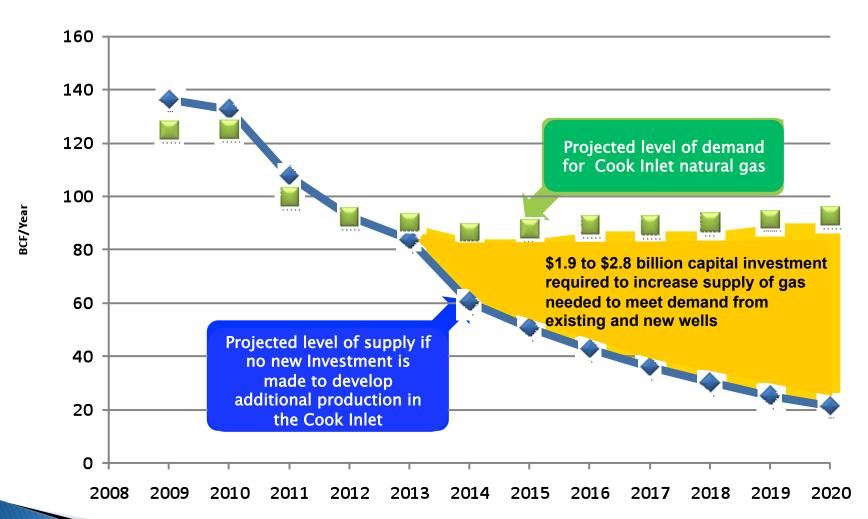
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019

Year





Summary





10

Bcf per Year

The Way Forward

- Increase drilling in Cook Inlet
 - Streamline resource development processes
 - Timely contract approval to incent drilling
- Facilitate natural gas storage
- To backstop drilling program, develop LNG import options for 2013
- In-state gas line offers long term solutions



Example Decline Curve (BRU)

BELUGA RIVER UNIT Gas Production

